HANDOUT 16-8

Survey of Sexual Knowledge

Please answer true or false to each of the following questions and return this sheet to your instructor. Your answers will remain completely anonymous.

T F 1. A female can become pregnant during sexual intercourse without the male having an orgasm.

T F 2. The imbalance of sexual hormones is the most frequent cause of homosexuality.

T F 3. Women can become sexually aroused when breast-feeding an infant.

T F 4. Direct contact between the penis and clitoris is necessary to produce female orgasm during sexual intercourse.

T F 5. There are no biological differences in orgasms attained through sexual intercourse, masturbation, or any other technique.

T F 6. Males are unable to have an erection until they reach puberty (adolescence).

T F 7. Women are biologically more capable of multiple orgasms than are men.

T F 8. A hysterectomy (removal of the uterus) causes the loss of sexual desire in women.

T F 9. There are two different types of biological orgasms in women: clitoral and vaginal.

T F 10. The most sensitive area of sexual stimulation in most women is the clitoris.

T F 11. Erection of the nipples is often a sign of sexual arousal in the male.

T F 12. Homosexual behavior, masturbation, and rape occur among other species of animals besides the human species.

T F 13. Rapists have an above-average sex drive.

T F 14. In this culture, some homosexual behavior is often a normal part of growing up.

T F 15. A male is not able to have an orgasm until he reaches puberty (adolescence).

T F 16. Sexual intercourse after the first six months of pregnancy is usually dangerous to the health of the mother or the fetus.

T F 17. Sex criminals use pornographic material more often in their youth than the average person in this culture.

T F 18. Most prostitutes are nymphomaniacs.

T F 19. Almost all cases of impotency are caused by psychological problems.

T F 20. The rhythm method is just as effective as the birth control pill in preventing pregnancy.

T F 21. Masturbation by a married person is almost always related to marriage problems.
HANDOUT 16-8 (continued)

T F 22. The castration of an adult male results in a loss of his sexual desire.
T F 23. Almost all homosexuals can be identified by their physical characteristics.
T F 24. Sexual satisfaction associated with the infliction of pain is called sadism.
T F 25. If a female does not have a hymen (maidenhead, “cherry”), she is not a virgin.
T F 26. Sexual stimulation often causes erection of the nipples of the female breasts.
T F 27. A majority of the sexual crimes committed against children are committed by adults who are friends or relatives of the victims.
T F 28. For a short period of time following orgasm, men usually are not able to respond to further stimulation.
T F 29. Frequent masturbation is one of the most common causes of premature ejaculation.
T F 30. During lovemaking, it usually takes the female less time to become sexually aroused and reach climax than it does the male.
T F 31. Circumcision makes it more difficult for a male to control ejaculation.
T F 32. Nocturnal emissions, or “wet dreams,” often are a sign of sexual problems.
T F 33. Brain damage can be one of the results of untreated syphilis.
T F 34. Certain foods have been shown to be aphrodisiacs (sexual stimulants).
T F 35. Transvestites are individuals who receive sexual pleasure from dressing in the clothes of the opposite sex.
T F 36. Young married couples who have an active sex life are more likely to maintain regular sexual activity in their old age than less sexually active couples.
T F 37. Relatively few cases of frigidity are caused by biological problems.
T F 38. Women generally enjoy rape although they are unlikely to admit it.
T F 39. It is possible to get “crabs” without having sex with anyone.
T F 40. The condom (rubber) is the most reliable birth-control method.
T F 41. A woman can get pregnant again while she is breast-feeding her baby.
T F 42. A woman’s desire for sexual activity usually shows a great decrease after the first three months of pregnancy.
T F 43. Males are capable of experiencing multiple orgasms during sexual intercourse.
T F 44. The vaginal walls secrete most of the fluid that lubricates the vagina during sexual arousal.
T F 45. There are no medical reasons why a woman cannot engage in sexual intercourse during her menstrual period.
T F 46. A female can become pregnant the first time she has sexual intercourse.
HANDOUT 16-8 (continued)

T F 47. A female does not have to experience orgasm in order to become pregnant.

T F 48. Friction along the walls of the vagina causes orgasm in the female.

T F 49. Large breasts are more sensitive to sexual stimulation than are small breasts.

T F 50. Large amounts of alcohol inhibit sexual performance.

T F 51. Sexual intercourse during pregnancy is the most frequent cause of twins.

T F 52. In studies on sexual arousal, women report being aroused by sexual material almost as frequently as men.

T F 53. Males who expose themselves in public (exhibitionists) are seldom dangerous.

T F 54. Castration of an adult male will cause his voice to change.

T F 55. The larger the penis, the more the vagina is stimulated in sexual intercourse.

T F 56. A diaphragm should remain in place for at least six hours following sexual intercourse if it is to be effective in preventing conception.

T F 57. Douching solutions sold in stores are more effective as a contraceptive than regular water.

T F 58. Once a person has been cured of syphilis, he or she can still catch the disease again.

T F 59. Most cases of gonorrhea ("clap") take several years to disappear even with medical treatment.

T F 60. A mother with syphilis can transmit the disease to her unborn child.